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Forty-sixth session
FIFTH COMMITTEE
Agenda items 75 and 107

QUESTIONS RELATING TO INFORMATION

PROPOSED PROGRAMME BUDGET FOR THE BIENNIUM 1992-1993

Programme budget implications of the draft resolution contained in document A/SPC/46/L.6

Statement submitted by the Secretary-General in accordance with rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly

1. At its 29th meeting, on 27 November 1991, the Special Political Committee adopted draft resolution A/SPC/46/L.6 without a vote. A statement of programme budget implications was before the Committee in document A/SPC/46/L.7. The Acting Chairman of the Committee on Information introduced the draft resolutions contained in documents A/SPC/46/L.5 and L.6 and in the course of his statement made a proposal, on behalf of the Bureau of the Committee on Information and spokespersons of the regional groups and China, with regard to the reallocation of certain elements of the Department of Public Information (DPI) budget to meet the expenses under the programme budget implications contained in document A/SPC/46/L.7, and further proposed that his statement be fully reflected in the Committee's report to the General Assembly. The statement by the Acting Chairman of the Committee on Information is reproduced in the annex to the present statement.

A. Request contained in the draft resolution

2. Under the terms of operative paragraph 1 of the draft resolution contained in document A/SPC/46/L.6, the General Assembly would call upon the Secretary-General, in respect of United Nations public information activities, to implement recommendations adopted by the Committee on Information at its thirteenth session. Operative paragraphs 1 (l) and 1 (m) of the draft resolution, which would give rise to additional requirements, read as follows:

"(l) Taking note of the request for the enhancing of United Nations information centres in Tehran, Dar es Salaam, Dhaka and Bujumbura, the Committee on Information recommends that the Department of Public Information provide the necessary professionals and equipment where necessary;

"(m) The Committee on Information recommends that, pending final discussions with the Secretariat, the General Assembly consider approval of the establishment of a new United Nations information centre in Sana'a, Yemen ...".

B. Relationship of the request to the approved programme of work

3. The activities proposed in the draft resolution are related to major programme VIII, programme 38, Public information, subprogrammes 1 and 2 (Promotional services and Information services, respectively) of the medium-term plan for the period 1992-1997, 1/ and to section 31, Public information, of the proposed programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993. 2/

C. Activities by which the request would be implemented

4. With regard to the enhancement of the United Nations information centres referred to in operative paragraph 1 (1) of the draft resolution, it is still the view of the Secretary-General that, as indicated to the Committee on Information, there appears to be no need for additional staff resources at the Centre at Bujumbura. Similarly, concerning the Centre at Dhaka, current arrangements for its administration appear adequate. On the other hand, with respect to the Centre at Dar es Salaam, the volume and nature of information activities undertaken by the Centre would warrant the establishment of a post of full-time Director. Provisions for equipment at these three centres would be reviewed with a view to supplementing them, as necessary, through redeployments.

5. As to the Information Centre at Tehran, its activities have been limited for the past years to the distribution of United Nations materials by United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) staff working part time on information activities under the supervision of the UNDP Resident Representative. Should the General Assembly adopt the draft resolution, the Centre would be re-established on a fully operational basis.

6. Lastly, consultations have already taken place with regard to the possible opening of an information centre at Sana'a, Yemen. Subject to the approval by the General Assembly, an agreement on the subject would be concluded with the host country.

D. Additional requirements at full cost

7. On a full-cost basis, the additional requirements arising from operative paragraph 1 (l) of the draft resolution in question are estimated at $520,200 as follows:

(a) Bujumbura, Dar es Salaam and Dhaka

	United States dollars
Establishment of a post at the P-4 level for a full-time Director at Dar es Salaam	103 400
Acquisition of equipment and furniture for the information centres at Bujumbura, Dar es Salaam and Dhaka	90 000
Total	193 400

(b) Tehran

In order to bring the Information Centre at Tehran to a fully operational status, the total additional costs are projected at $326,800, as follows:

	United States dollars
Establishment of a post at the P-4 level for a full-time Director	103 400
Establishment of three local-level support posts	85 200
Recurrent operating costs: rental and maintenance of premises, utilities, communications, maintenance of equipment, supplies and services, overtime, travel of staff, library books, external translation	98 200
Non-recurrent initial expenses (acquisition of furniture and equipment)	40 000
Total	326 800

Actual costs may be reduced depending on the terms of the host country agreement to be renegotiated between the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran and the United Nations.

8. In respect of the request contained in operative paragraph 1 (m) regarding the opening of an information centre in Yemen, based on negotiations which have already taken place, the host Government has offered the provision of rent-free premises at Sana'a. On that basis, the additional cost of opening an information centre at that location is estimated at $371,900, as follows:

		United States dollars
(a)	Establishment of a post at the P-4 level for a full-time Director	103 400
(b)	Establishment of five local-level support posts	142 000
(c)	Recurrent operating costs: maintenance of premises, utilities, communications, maintenance of equipment, supplies and services, overtime, travel of staff, library books, external translation	86 500
(d)	Non-recurrent initial expenses (acquisition of furniture and equipment)	40 000
	Total	371 900

E. Potential for absorption

9. The total additional requirements at full cost arising from the draft resolution contained in document A/SPC/46/L.6 are thus estimated at $892,100. It is estimated that requirements for the acquisition of equipment at the information centres at Bujumbura, Dar es Salaam and Dhaka, estimated at $90,000 could be accommodated from within the overall resources under equipment and furniture included under section 31 of the proposed programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993.

F. Indication of additional requirements

10. On the above basis, the additional requirements arising from the draft resolution in question are estimated at $802,100.

G. Contingency Fund

11. It will be recalled that, under the procedure established by the General Assembly in its resolution 41/213 of 19 December 1986, a contingency fund is established for each biennium to accommodate additional expenditures derived from legislative mandates not provided for in the proposed programme budget. Under the same procedure, if additional expenditures are proposed that exceed resources available from the Contingency Fund, these activities can be implemented only through redeployment of resources from low-priority areas or modifications of existing activities. Otherwise, such additional activities will have to be deferred until a later biennium. A consolidated statement of all programme budget implications and revised estimates will be submitted to the General Assembly towards the end of the current session.

12. No activity has been identified for termination, deferral, curtailment or modification under section 31 of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993. Should it not prove possible to meet the costs required from the Contingency Fund, the implementation of the draft resolution may have to be postponed, as provided for in the guidelines for the use of the Contingency Fund adopted by the Assembly in resolution 42/211 of 21 December 1987.

H. Summary

13. Should the General Assembly adopt draft resolution A/SPC/46/L.6, it is estimated that an additional appropriation of $802,100 would be required under section 31 of the programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993. In addition, an amount of $72,400 would be required under section 36 (Staff assessment), to be offset by an increase in the same amount under income section 1 (Income from staff assessment).

Notes

1/ Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-fifth Session, Supplement No. 6 (A/45/6/Rev.1), vol. II.

2/ Ibid., Forty-sixth Session, Supplement No. 6 (A/46/6/Rev.1), vol. II.

Annex

STATEMENT MADE ON BEHALF OF THE COMMITTEE ON INFORMATION BY MR. MANSOOR SUHAIL (PAKISTAN), VICE-CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON INFORMATION, AT THE 29TH MEETING OF THE SPECIAL POLITICAL COMMITTEE ON 27 NOVEMBER 1991*

I have the honour to submit to the Special Political Committee, on behalf of the Committee on Information, two draft resolutions contained in documents A/SPC/46/L.5 and A/SPC/46/L.6, with the request and the earnest hope that these would be adopted without a vote. These two draft resolutions are contained in the report of the Committee on Information, a/ which was adopted by that Committee by consensus during its thirteenth substantive session in April 1991. The first resolution reflects our aspirations for a new world information and communication order along with an expression of our regard for the principle of freedom of information and expression. The second resolution encompasses the mandate provided by the Committee for public information policies and activities.

The adoption of these resolutions by consensus in the Committee on Information preceded detailed consultations and negotiations between the members of the Bureau, the spokespersons of the regional groups and China. Subsequently when the programme budget implications contained in document A/SPC/46/L.7 were submitted to the Special Political Committee, the Chairman of the Committee on Information made a statement on 25 October 1991, informing the Special Political Committee that the programme budget implications in respect of subparagraphs 1 (l) and (m) of draft resolution A/SPC/46/L.6 do not correspond to the understanding reached in the Committee on Information between the members of the Bureau and the spokespersons representing regional groups and China. They had believed and expected that that understanding would be reflected in the programme budget implications and that that was so understood by the Department of Public Information. Regretfully, this did not prove to be the case.

Please permit me to underline the importance of these understandings, which are reached after extensive negotiations and necessary compromises. It is, indeed, possible that misunderstandings and confusions might arise from time to time. Having been conscious of such a possibility and with a view to improving and maintaining better communications and understanding, the Committee on Information recommended that the "Bureau of the Committee on Information, together with representatives of each regional group and China, in close contact with members of the Committee on Information, should meet, as required and consult at periodic intervals with the Department of Public Information". In this regard, since the Committee made this recommendation, the Bureau of the Committee and the spokespersons of the regional groups and

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* See A/SPC/46/SR.29.

China have held a number of valuable meetings wih officials of the Department of Public Information.

However, despite the availability of such a mechanism, the programme budget implications contained in document A/SPC/46/L.7 do not accord with our understanding, as pointed out by the Chairman of the Committee on Information in his statement. In spite of his request, it has not been possible for the Controller to issue a revised statement of programme budget implications in view of the reasons cited in his letter of 19 November. b/

The Bureau of the Committee on Information, the spokespersons of the regional groups and China have given considerable thought to this matter. They reaffirmed the commitment of the Committee to the substance of the draft resolutions contained in documents A/SPC/46L.5 and L.6 and their determination to preserve the consensus which had been achieved following arduous efforts.

There seems to be no alternative before the Bureau of the Committee on Information and spokespersons of the regional groups and China but to propose that this Committee determine, and so request the Fifth Committee, to reallocate elements of section 31, Public information, of the proposed programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993. c/ In making this recommendation, we have sought reallocations only in areas that do not in any way affect policies or decisions reached by the members of the Committee on Information and that are entirely compatible with the mandate, contained in draft resolution A/SPC/46/L.6 on United Nations public information policies and activities. These proposed reallocations, to cover the cost of implementing operative paragraphs (l) and (m) of the draft resolution, relate to items that in our judgement would not affect the proper functioning of the Department. The recommended reallocations are as follows and involve a transfer of the stated amounts from the designated section 31 budget items to meet the costs of implementing operative paragraphs 1 (l) and (m). In addition to not involving any policy areas, practically all the recommended reallocations are sought from budget areas where the increases requested by the Department of Public Information were greater than the amounts being proposed for reallocations.

(a) Paragraphs 31.35, 31.37 and 31.39 in relation to United Nations public opinion polls and surveys:

Reallocate $145,000 from the total of $161,400 with the remainder to meet contractual requirements

(b) Paragraph 31.48 in relation to personal services for research in relation to external expertise for the research and design of certain information materials:

Reallocate $50,000 from the estimated total requirement of $222,400

(c) Paragraph 31.53 in relation to public information production covering production of videos for video kits, etc.:

Reallocate $50,000 from the estimated total of $410,500

(d) Paragraph 31.66 in relation to the cost of supplies such as raw stock, etc.:

Reallocate $40,000 from the estimated requirement of $941,600

(e) Paragraph 31.67 in relation to new public information equipment:

Reallocate $250,000 from the estimated cost of $1,634,900

(f) Paragraph 31.72 in relation to public information production of additional film and video prints:

Reallocate $50,000 from the estimated total of $297,100

(g) Paragraph 31.73 in relation to pouch and special courier services to disseminate information:

Reallocate $100,000 from the estimated total of $872,900

(h) Paragraph 31.112 in relation to overtime for drivers:

Reallocate $35,000 from the estimated total of $109,800

(i) Paragraph 31.116 in relation to information centre vehicles and other equipment:

Reallocate $30,000 from the total of $727,400

(j) Paragraph 31.118 in relation to hospitality:

Reallocate $20,000 from the total of $171,600

Total $770,000

The Bureau of the Committee on Information and the spokespersons of the regional groups and China recognize and accept that this recommendation sets no precedent whatsoever for the future. This step, however, allows this Committee to act on draft resolutions A/SPC/46/L.5 and L.6 and adopt them by consensus. It asserts firmly and clearly a principle of importance: that recommendations and decisions, and the understandings on which they rest, of a Committee established by the General Assembly must be respected. It cannot be otherwise.

The Bureau of the Committee on Information and spokespersons of the regional groups and China request that the Special Political Committee endorse the proposals for financial reallocations outlined in this statement and include them together with the draft resolutions in its report to the General Assembly to be taken up by the Fifth Committee. In this decision, it is understood that the Controller is free to propose, where this is judged to be of particular importance, alternative reallocations provided that no implications are involved regarding any policy decisions and recommendations as contained in draft resolution A/SPC/46/L.6. I would like to request that the above statement made on behalf of the Bureau of the Committee on Information and spokespersons of the regional groups and China be fully reflected in the report of the Special Political Committee on this item.

Let me state, in conclusion, the determination of the Bureau of the Committee on Information and spokespersons of the regional groups and China to work in close harmony with the Department of Public Information in serving the interests of the Department, the United Nations and all Member States. We have made significant progress in our work of advancing knowledge of the United Nations and its activities. This task remains, for all of us, a continuing challenge for the future.

May I call upon the Special Political Committee to adopt the draft resolutions contained in documents A/SPC/46/L.5 and A/SPC/46/L.6 now without a vote.

Notes

a/ Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-sixth Session, Supplement No. 21 (A/46/21).

b/ A/SPC/46/4.

c/ Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-sixth Session, Supplement No. 6 (A/46/6/Rev.1), vol. II.

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Agenda item 18 (a)

APPOINTMENTS TO FILL VACANCIES IN SUBSIDIARY ORGANS AND OTHER APPOINTMENTS

Appointment of members of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions

Note by the Secretary-General

1. As indicated in document A/46/101 of 1 March 1991, it will be necessary for the General Assembly, during its current session, to appoint five persons to fill vacancies in the membership of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (ACABQ) resulting from the expiration, on 31 December 1991, of the terms of office of Mr. Lawrence O. C. Agubuzu, Mr. Ahmad Fathi Al-Masri, Mr. C. S. M. Mselle, Mr. József Tardos and Mr. Louis A. Wiltshire.

2. The following persons have been nominated by their respective Governments for appointment or reappointment:

Mr. Ahmad Fathi Al-Masri (Syrian Arab Republic);

Mr. Kwaku Dua Dankwa (Ghana);

Mr. Zoran Lazarevic (Yugoslavia);

Mr. E. Besley Maycock (Barbados);

Mr. C. S. M. Mselle (United Republic of Tanzania);

Mr. József Tardos (Hungary).

3. The candidates' curricula vitae follow.

AHMAD FATHI AL-MASRI

Place and date of birth	Damascus, Syrian Arab Republic, 1932
Academic background	Graduate in law from Damascus University in 1954 and obtained a degree in specialization in public law in the same year
Professional career	
1954-1957	Attorney-at-law
1957-1958	Financial Inspector in the Ministry of Finance
1958	Joined the diplomatic service and served in Cairo (1958), Baghdad (1960), Cyprus (1965-1967), Chile (1978-1982) and the Permanent Mission of the Syrian Arab Republic to the United Nations, 1969-1975, 1982-1983, 1987
1958-1969	Deputy Director of the Department of Asian Affairs (1958-1960); Department of Cultural Affairs (1962-1965); and Western European Department (1967-1969) at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs
1969-1975	Counsellor and Deputy Permanent Representative of the Permanent Mission of the Syrian Arab Republic to the United Nations, New York
1982-1983	Deputy Permanent Representative of the Permanent Mission of the Syrian Arab Republic to the United Nations
1983-1987	Director-General of the Department of International Organizations and Conferences and member of the Syrian delegation to the thirty-eighth to forty-first regular sessions of the General Assembly and Deputy Head of the Syrian delegation to the forty-second and forty-third sessions of the General Assembly
1987	Vice-President of the General Assembly at its forty-second regular session
1988-1990	Ambassador, Permanent Representative of the Syrian Arab Republic to the United Nations

Participated in the following international conferences and meetings:

1983-1988	Meetings of Foreign Ministers of the Non-Aligned Movement from the thirty-eighth to forty-third sessions
	Meeting of Non-Aligned Countries on Small Islands in Grenada (1983)
1984 and 1987	Preparatory Meeting for the Ministerial Conference of the Mediterranean, Valleta (Malta) 1984 and Belgrade (Yugoslavia), March 1987
	Preparatory Ministerial Meeting of the fourth Islamic Summit Conference, Rabat, Morocco, 1984
	Fourth Islamic Summit Conference, Casablanca (Morocco)
	Fifteenth Islamic Conference of Foreign Ministers in Sana'a, Yemen
1985	Conference of Foreign Ministers of the Non-Aligned Movement, Luanda (Angola)
	Extraordinary Ministerial Meeting of the Coordinating Bureau of the Non-Aligned Countries on the Question of Namibia, New Delhi (India)
1986	Eighth Summit Conference of Heads of State or Government, Harare, Zimbabwe
	Coordinating Bureau of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries, New Delhi (India)
	Sixteenth Islamic Conference of Foreign Ministers, Fez, Morocco
	Second session of the Standing Committee on Economic Cooperation of the Organization of the Islamic Conference, Istanbul, Turkey
1987	Special Ministerial Meeting of the Coordinating Bureau of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries in Latin America and the Caribbean, Georgetown (Guyana)
	Ministerial Conference of Non-Aligned Countries in South-South Cooperation, Pyongyang (Democratic People's Republic of Korea)
	Fifth Islamic Summit Conference, Kuwait

Representative to the following United Nations committees from 1970 to the present:

First Committee (Political and Security), Second Committee (Economic), the Fifth Committee (Administrative) and the Sixth Committee (Legal) of the United Nations General Assembly during its twenty-fourth to thirtieth and thirty-seventh to forty-third regular sessions

Special Committee on the Situation with regard to the Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples

Sessions of the Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme, the Economic and Social Council and Habitat

1973 — First session of the Committee of Experts on International Terrorism

1974 — Sixth special session of the General Assembly (establishment of a new international economic order)

First session of the Third International Conference on the Law of the Sea

Ad Hoc Committee on the Special Programme

The United Nations Visiting Mission to Gilbert and Ellice Islands

1975 — Preparatory Committee for the Special Session of the General Assembly on International Economic Cooperation for Development

Chairman of Subcommittee I of the Special Committee on the Situation with Regard to the Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and peoples, dealing with economic and military activities of the colonial Powers in the Territories and countries under their domination

Since 1986 — Member of ACABQ

1989 — Chairman of the Fifth Committee at the forty-fourth session of the General Assembly and sixteenth special session of the General Assembly (apartheid and its destructive consequences in southern Africa)

1990	Chairman of the Fifth Committee at the seventeenth special session of the General Assembly (Question of international cooperation against illicit production, supply, demand, trafficking and distribution of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances) and eighteenth special session of the General Assembly (international economic cooperation, in particular the revitalization of economic growth and development of the developing countries)
1990	Special Envoy of the President of the Syrian Arab Republic to the independence celebration of Namibia on 21 March 1990
Since 1990	Permanent Representative of the Syrian Arab Republic to the United Nations Offices at Geneva and Vienna, the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) and the United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO). Consul-General in Geneva
Languages spoken	Arabic, English, French and Spanish
Family	Two children

KWAKU DUA DANKWA

Position	Minister Counsellor, Ministry of Foreign Affairs (MFA)
Education	Graduate in Political Science, University of Ghana, Legon, 1969
Work experience	
1969-1971	Teacher at College (Senior High School)
1971-1973	Assistant Secretary, Ministry of Foreign Affairs
1973-1976	First Secretary, Embassy of Ghana, Addis Ababa
	Representative of Ghana to meetings of Council of Ministers and Assemblies of Heads of State and Government of the Organization of African Unity (OAU)
	Representative of Ghana to the OAU Liberation Committee, Dar-es-Salaam, United Republic of Tanzania
1976-1978	Senior Assistant Secretary, Ministry of Foreign Affairs
1978-1984	Counsellor, Embassy of Ghana, Brussels, Belgium
	Delegate of Ghana to joint Africa-Caribbean-Pacific (ACP) Group of States - European Economic Community (EEC) meetings
	Delegate of Ghana to ACP-EEC negotiations leading to the Lome II Convention
1984-1988	Principal Assistant Secretary, Office of the Provisional National Defence Council
	In charge of administration and budgetary affairs
1988 to date	Minister Counsellor, Permanent Mission of Ghana to the United Nations
	Delegate of Ghana to the Fifth Committee
	Delegate of Ghana to the Special Committee against Apartheid
	Delegate of Ghana to the Fourth Committee, forty-fifth and forty-sixth sessions of the General Assembly
	Delegate of Ghana to the First Committee, forty-sixth session
	Member and current Chairman (1991) of the Committee on Conferences

ZORAN LAZAREVIC

Born at Brovic, Yugoslavia, 1927

Graduated from the Faculty of Law, University of Belgrade, in 1953

In 1953 joined the Federal Ministry for Foreign Affairs of Yugoslavia

Served as Attaché in the Yugoslav Embassy in Rangoon, 1953-1956, and as Third Secretary in Washington, 1958-1962

From 1964 to 1968 Second Secretary in the Permanent Mission of Yugoslavia to the United Nations in New York

From 1971 to 1975 Counsellor in the Permanent Mission of Yugoslavia to the United Nations Office at Geneva

From 1975 to 1977 Deputy Head of the Department for International Organizations

From 1977 to 1982 Minister Counsellor in the Permanent Mission of Yugoslavia to the United Nations in New York

From 1969 to 1982 attended almost all sessions of the General Assembly and of the Economic and Social Council

In 1975, 1979 and 1988 member of Yugoslav delegation to sessions of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development

In 1979, 1983, 1986 and 1989 attended Summit Conferences of Non-Aligned Countries and their ministerial and other meetings and conferences

In 1981 as a member of the Yugoslav delegation attended the Cancun Summit Meeting of some developed and developing countries

From 1982 to 1985 member of the Committee on Contributions

In 1990 member of the Committee for Programme and Coordination

Author of numerous articles in Yugoslav periodicals on international economic relations

Currently Special Adviser in the Federal Secretariat for Foreign Affairs of Yugoslavia

E. BESLEY MAYCOCK

Public service career

Foreign Service

Twenty years' service in the Barbados Foreign Service (1971 to present), including overseas assignments in Ottawa and New York, and senior appointments as Head of the Caribbean Section, Chief of Protocol and Head of the Administrative Section, and as Deputy Permanent Secretary. Extensive supervisory responsibility, in the latter capacity, for the administrative and budgetary management of the Foreign Ministry.

Other relevant service

Permanent Secretary of the Ministry of Education and Culture (1987-1990). The senior policy adviser to the Minister of Education, with overall responsibility for the administrative and financial functioning of the Ministry and its autonomous departments.

International administrative and budgetary experience

Thorough understanding of the administrative and budgetary functioning of the United Nations. Long-standing experience as Barbados' principal representative on the Fifth Committee (1980-1986 and 1990 to present) and subsequently as Vice-Chairman (1982-1983) and Chairman (1984-1985 and 1990-1991).

Member of the Barbados delegation to the special session on the financial crisis facing the United Nations.

Experience in the administrative and budgetary functioning of a number of international, regional and subregional agencies, including the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, the Organization of American States, the Caribbean Common Market, the West Indies Regional Labour Board, the Caribbean Examinations Council, the University of the West Indies and the (now defunct) Federation of the West Indies.

Other international positions held

Served as Chairman of the Ad Hoc Committee on the Drafting of an International Convention against Apartheid in Sports (1980-1985) and as Vice-Chairman of the Ad Hoc Committee on the Drafting of an International Convention against the Recruitment, Use, Financing and Training of Mercenaries (1981, 1982). Intensive consultations and negotiations were required in both cases to achieve final adoption of the two Conventions.

C. S. M. MSELLE

Date of birth: 1938

Academic qualifications: B.A. (Honours), London, 1964

Career service

Joined government service, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 19 April 1964

Training in diplomacy and international relations, Columbia University, New York, 1964-1965

Assistant Research Officer, Legal and Research Department, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 1965-1966

Assistant Secretary, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 1966-1968

Second Secretary, Embassy of United Republic of Tanzania, Cairo, 1968-1969

First Secretary and Head of Chancery, Tanzanian Mission to the United Nations, 1969-1972

Counsellor, 1972

Director of Administration and Personnel Management, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Dar-es-Salaam, 1973-1975

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, 1981

Conferences and committees

Tanzanian delegate to the twenty-first session of the General Assembly; alternate representative, Special Political Committee, 1966

Tanzanian delegate at the twenty-second to the twenty-ninth sessions of the General Assembly; representative in the Fifth Committee, 1967-1974

Member of the Committee for Programme and Coordination, 1969-1971

Tanzanian representative, Special Committee on the Situation with regard to the Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples, 1969-1971

Rapporteur of the Committee for Programme and Coordination, 1970-1971

Member of ACABQ, 1971-1974; Chairman of ACABQ since 1975

Representative of the United Republic of Tanzania in the Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme, 1970-1971

Chairman, Fifth Committee, twenty-eighth session of the General Assembly, 1973

Vice-Chairman, Committee on Applications for Review of Administrative Tribunal Judgements, New York, 1973

JÓZSEF TARDOS

Born in 1929 at Budapest, Hungary

Married, has two children

Having received his diploma at the Faculty of Finances of the University of Economics, Budapest, he entered the Foreign Service in 1955

Between 1958 and 1962 he served at the Permanent Mission to the United Nations in New York and was responsible for economic and budgetary matters

From 1962 he worked with the Department for International Organizations in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, from 1965 as Chief of Section for United Nations affairs

Promoted to the rank of Counsellor and, between 1967 and 1972, worked in New York as Deputy Permanent Representative. In 1973 he was appointed to the post of Deputy Head of the Department for International Organizations. Between 1976 and 1979 he was the Head of the Department for Economic Policy Affairs in the Ministry. In 1979 he was promoted to the rank of Ambassador and was accredited to Belgium and Luxembourg. After his return to Hungary in 1983 he was seconded to the Hungarian Academy of Sciences where he was the Director of the Department for International Relations

Retired in 1990

Between 1958 and 1975, attended every session of the United Nations General Assembly as a member of the Hungarian delegation and worked as alternate representative or representative. In 1971 was elected Vice-Chairman of the Fifth Committee of the General Assembly

Participated in the work of the Ad Hoc Committee of Experts to Examine the Finances of the United Nations and Specialized Agencies in 1966

Between 1971 and 1973 was a member of ACABQ. Twice, in 1974-1976 and in 1980-1982 served on the Committee on Contributions

At present, is a member of ACABQ

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A

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APPOINTMENTS TO FILL VACANCIES IN SUBSIDIARY ORGANS AND OTHER APPOINTMENTS: APPOINTMENT OF MEMBERS OF THE ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON ADMINISTRATIVE AND BUDGETARY QUESTIONS

Note by the Secretary-General

Addendum

1. As indicated in document A/46/101 of 1 March 1991, it will be necessary for the General Assembly, during its current session, to appoint five persons to fill vacancies that will arise in the membership of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (ACABQ), effective 31 December 1991.

2. In document A/C.5/46/51 of 5 December 1991, the Secretary-General informed the General Assembly of the names of six persons nominated by their respective Governments for appointment to the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions for a term of office beginning on 1 January 1992.

3. The Secretary-General wishes to inform the General Assembly that the Government of Bulgaria has nominated Mr. Assen Iliev Zlatanov for appointment to the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions for a term of office beginning on 1 January 1992.

4. The candidate's curriculum vitae follows.

Assen Iliev ZLATANOV

Date and place of birth	27 June 1935, Sofia, Bulgaria
Marital status	Married
Nationality	Bulgarian
Sex	Male
Education	Economist, International Economic Relations, Higher Institute of Economics, Sofia
Language knowledge	English, French and Russian
Experience	
1959-1976	National Bank of Bulgaria, 1959-1964, Bulgarian Foreign Trade Bank Ltd., Economist, Director, First Deputy Chairman
1976	Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Ambassador
1976-1982	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Kuwait; accredited also in Sana, Republic of Yemen
1982-1986	Head of the International Economic Organizations Department, Ministry of Foreign Affairs
1986-1990	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Baghdad, Iraq
	Member of the Bulgarian Governmental Delegation for the 1964 founding conference of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD)
	Representative in the delegation of Bulgaria for the thirty-ninth session of United Nations General Assembly and head of the Bulgarian delegations at the summer sessions of the Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) and at the regular annual sessions of the Economic Commission for Europe, 1982-1986
	Member of the Committee on Contributions, 1986-1991
	Publications on international economic and financial relations

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FIFTH COMMITTEE
Agenda item 18 (b)

APPOINTMENTS TO FILL VACANCIES IN SUBSIDIARY ORGANS AND OTHER APPOINTMENTS: APPOINTMENT OF MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE ON CONTRIBUTIONS

Note by the Secretary-General

1. As indicated in document A/46/102 of 1 March 1991, it will be necessary for the General Assembly, during its current session, to appoint six persons to fill vacancies in the membership of the Committee on Contributions resulting from the expiration, on 31 December 1991, of the terms of office of Mr. Kenshiroh Akimoto, Mr. John Fox, Mr. Ion Gorita, Mr. Elias M. C. Kazembe, Mr. V. G. Menon and Mr. Assen Iliev Zlatanov.

2. The following persons have been nominated by their respective Governments for appointment or reappointment:

Mr. Kenshiroh Akimoto (Japan);

Mr. David Etuket (Uganda);

Mr. John D. Fox (United States of America);

Mr. Ion Gorita (Romania);

Mr. Imre Karbuczky (Hungary);

Mr. Vanu Gopala Menon (Singapore).

3. The candidates' curricula vitae follow.

Kenshiroh AKIMOTO

Date of birth	26 June 1935
Place of birth	Gumma-ken, Japan
Nationality	Japanese
Sex	Male
Marital status	Single
Education	Graduated from Tokyo University of Foreign Studies (Spanish language)

Professional experience

1963	Joined the Ministry of Foreign Affairs
1965-1967	Third Secretary, Permanent Mission of Japan to the International Organizations at Geneva
1967-1969	Social Affairs Division, United Nations Bureau
1969-1972	Legal Affairs Division, Treaties Bureau
1972-1973	International Economic Affairs Division, Economic Affairs Bureau
1973-1975	Office for the Law of the Sea Conference
1975-1978	First Secretary, Embassy of Japan in Chile
1978-1980	Counsellor, Embassy of Japan in Italy
1980-1982	Director, Multilateral Cooperation Division, Economic Cooperation Bureau
1982-1983	Secretariat of the National Defence Council
1983-1984	Director, Overseas Information Division, Research and Planning Department
1984	Director, Overseas Information Division, Information Analysis, Research and Planning Bureau
1984-1986	Director, Entry Division, Immigration Bureau, Ministry of Justice

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1986-1987	Counsellor, Embassy of Japan in Uruguay
1987-1989	Minister, Permanent Mission of Japan to the United Nations
1989	Ambassador, Permanent Delegate of Japan to the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO)

David ETUKET

Date of birth	5 May 1957
Education	
1977-1980	Bachelor of Science, Degree in Economics and Statistics, with Upper Second Class Honours; Makerere University, Kampala, Uganda
1982	Diploma in International Trade, with Excellent Result; Finafrica, Milan, Italy
1987-1989	Masters in Business Administration, with Quantitative Analysis Major; St. John's University, New York
Professional experience	
February 1981	Joined the Diplomatic Service
1981-May 1986	Responsible for Eastern Europe and Asia Desk; Ministry of Foreign Affairs
June 1986-1988	Third Secretary - responsible for administrative and budgetary questions; Permanent Mission of Uganda to the United Nations, New York
July 1988 to present	First Secretary - responsible for administrative and budgetary questions; Permanent Mission of Uganda to the United Nations, New York
1990	Rapporteur, thirtieth session of the Committee for Programme and Coordination
International conferences attended	
1986 to present	United Nations General Assembly as representative of Uganda on the Fifth Committee
1989 to present	Representative of Uganda on the Committee on Conferences and the second regular sessions of the Economic and Social Council
June 1991	Representative of Uganda on the Intergovernmental Negotiating Committee on Climate Change, second session, Geneva

1988 to present	Alternate Representative of Uganda on the Committee for Programme and Coordination
March 1991	Alternate Representative of Uganda on the Preparatory Committee for the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development, second session, Geneva
August 1991	Alternate Representative of Uganda on the Preparatory Committee for the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development, third session, Geneva
1986 to present	Delegate to the Executive Board of the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), first sessions of the Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) and of the Economic and Social Council, and the spring sessions of the Preparatory Commission for the International Sea-Bed Authority and Tribunal of the Law of the Sea
February 1987	Delegate to the Non-Aligned Ministerial Meeting, Georgetown, Guyana
	Delegate to the United Nations General Assembly, fifteenth to eighteenth special sessions
June 1989	Delegate to the first annual meeting of the Governing Council of the Fund for Commodities, Geneva
Family status	Married (1984) to Jane Amodoi; two children

John D. FOX

Experience

Member of the United States Senior Executive Service with 24 years' experience in the formulation and implementation of foreign policy with respect to United States participation in international organizations

1986 to present	Member of the United Nations Committee on Contributions
1989-1991	Member of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (ACABQ)

United States Department of State, Bureau of International Organizations Affairs, Washington

1981-present	Managing Director, Office of United Nations System Administration - Responsible for formulating United States policies on United Nations financial, administrative, budgetary and personnel issues. Supervises preparation and presentation of federal budget submissions for United States contributions to international organizations. Responsible for United States policies on United Nations system scales of assessment. Has served as an expert member on the United States delegations to the Committee for Programme and Coordination (CPC)
1979-1981	Director, Office of Development and Humanitarian Programs - Directed formulation and execution of United States policy towards the third planning cycle of United Nations Development Programme (UNDP). Chairman of the standing inter-agency committee responsible for United States policies regarding United Nations economic and social activities
1978-1979	Deputy Director, Policy Management Staff - Designed and assisted in establishing policy management process for use by Assistant Secretary for International Organizations Affairs
1974-1978	Director, Office of United Nations System Coordination - Active in negotiations to establish permanent mandate for United Nations Joint Inspection Unit (JIU). United States delegate to the Ad Hoc Committee on the Restructuring of the Economic and Social Sectors of the United Nations System

United States Office of Management and Budget, Executive Office of the President, Washington

1967-1974	Budget Examiner, International Programs Division - Responsible for the review of governmental agency budget submissions
Education	Haverford College, Haverford, Pennsylvania, Bachelor of Arts
	Cornell University, Ithaca, New York, completed course work for doctorate degree

Ion GORITA

Born	31 January 1939, Bucharest, Romania
1961	Graduated from the Institute for Oil and Gas, Bucharest
	Joined the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Romania
1961-1966	Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Department for Economic Relations
1966-1970	Third Secretary (1966-1968) and Second Secretary (1968-1970), Permanent Mission of Romania to the United Nations Office at Geneva
1970-1973	Second Secretary, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Bucharest, Department for United Nations and other International Organizations
1973-1981	First Secretary (1978-1979) and Counsellor (1979-1981) at the Permanent Mission of Romania to the United Nations
	Deputy Permanent Representative (1979-1981)
1981-1988	Head of section - International Economic Organizations, Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Romania
1988-1989	Deputy Director, Department for Asia and the Far East, Ministry of Foreign Affairs
1990-	Director, European Department, Ministry of Foreign Affairs

<u>Activity</u>

1966-1973	Member of the Romania delegations to the sessions of the Economic Commission for Europe (ECE) and the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD)
1973-1989	Member of the Romanian delegations to the session of the General Assembly - Second and Fifth Committees
1976-1977	Member of the Romanian delegation to the Security Council

1976	Vice-Chairman, Second Committee of the General Assembly
1977	Rapporteur, Committee on Conferences
1984-1986	Member, Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (ACABQ)
1989-1991	Member, Committee on Contributions

Married, two daughters

Languages: English, French and Italian

Imre KARBUCZKY

Born in Budapest in 1958

Married, has one daughter

1978-1983	Studied at the Budapest University of Economics, M.A. in economics, international law and history of diplomacy
1983-1986	Post-graduate studies at Budapest University, language courses
1986-1988	Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Department of International Organizations
1987	Member of the delegation of Hungary at the forty-second session of the General Assembly
1988-present	Posted in New York as a delegate to the Fifth Committee and related administrative and budgetary organs of the United Nations
1991	Elected as Vice-Chairman of the Committee on Conferences

Vanu Gopala MENON

Mr. Vanu Gopala Menon is a career foreign service officer who served as the First Secretary in the Permanent Mission of the Republic of Singapore to the United Nations from March 1988 to April 1991. Before coming to New York, he served as Assistant Director of the International Organizations Division of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

Mr. Menon graduated with a degree in Bachelor of Business Administration with a Second Class (Upper Division) Honours degree in 1985, and subsequently joined the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. He was elected in 1988 to the United Nations Committee on Contributions for the period 1989-1991.

Mr. Menon has represented Singapore at several international conferences, including the Ministerial Meeting of the Coordinating Bureau of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries, held at New Delhi in April 1986; the special ministerial meeting of the Non-Aligned Countries devoted to disarmament issues, held at Havana, in May 1988; the Conference of Ministers for Foreign Affairs of Non-Aligned Countries, held at Nicosia in September 1988; the Ninth Conference of Heads of State or Government of Non-Aligned Countries, held at Belgrade in September 1989; the forty-second session of the Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific (ESCAP), held at Bangkok in April-May 1986; the forty-third session of ESCAP, held at Bangkok in May 1987; the First Senior Trade Officials' Meeting on the New Round of Multilateral Trade Negotiations of the Association of South-East Asian Nations, held at Singapore in June 1986; the forty-second, forty-third, forty-fourth and forty-fifth sessions of the United Nations General Assembly, held at New York; the organizational and first substantive sessions of the Preparatory Committee for the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development, March and August 1990; and the first session of the Intergovernmental Negotiating Committee for a Framework Convention on Climate Change, held at Washington in February 1991.

UNITED
NATIONS

A

General Assembly

Distr.
GENERAL

A/C.5/46/53
5 December 1991

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

Forty-sixth session
FIFTH COMMITTEE
Agenda item 18 (c)

APPOINTMENTS TO FILL VACANCIES IN SUBSIDIARY ORGANS AND OTHER APPOINTMENTS

Appointment of a member of the Board of Auditors

Note by the Secretary-General

1. As indicated in document A/46/103 of 1 March 1991, it will be necessary for the General Assembly, during its current session, to appoint the Auditor-General (or officer holding the equivalent title) of a Member State to fill the vacancy that will arise on 1 July 1992 in the membership of the United Nations Board of Auditors as a consequence of the expiration, on 30 June 1992, of the term of office of the President of the Federal Court of Audit of Germany.

2. The Government of the United Kingdom has nominated the Comptroller and Auditor General of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland for appointment to the United Nations Board of Auditors for a term of office beginning on 1 July 1992 and ending on 30 June 1995.

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UNITED
NATIONS

A

General Assembly

Distr.
GENERAL

A/C.5/46/54
5 December 1991
ENGLISH
ORIGINAL: ENGLISH/FRENCH

Forty-sixth session
FIFTH COMMITTEE
Agenda item 18 (e)

APPOINTMENTS TO FILL VACANCIES IN SUBSIDIARY ORGANS AND OTHER APPOINTMENTS

Appointment of members of the United Nations Administrative Tribunal

Note by the Secretary-General

1. As indicated in document A/46/105 of 1 March 1991, it will be necessary for the General Assembly, during its current session, to appoint three persons to fill vacancies in the United Nations Administrative Tribunal resulting from the expiration, on 31 December 1991, of the terms of office of Mr. Ahmed Osman, Mr. Roger Pinto and Mr. Samarendranath Sen.

2. The following persons have been nominated by their respective Governments for appointments or reappointment:

Mr. Balanda Mikuin Leliel (Zaire);

Mr. Samarendra Sen (India);

Mr. Hubert Thierry (France).

3. The candidates' curricula vitae follow.

CURRICULUM VITAE

I. PERSONAL INFORMATION

Name: Balanda Mikuin Leliel

Place and date of birth: Kinshasa, Zaire, 12 September 1939

Nationality: Zairian

Marital status: Married

II. SECONDARY EDUCATION

Classics (Latin, sciences), Collège des Pères Jésuites, Kiniati (1952-1958).

III. ACADEMIC QUALIFICATIONS

- Undergraduate studies in philosophy and literature, University of Liège, Belgium, 1961.
- Doctor of Laws, University of Brussels, Belgium, 1965.
- Special Diploma in International Law (two-year postgraduate course), University of Brussels, Belgium, 1966.

IV. POSTS HELD

1. Bar

- Avocat at the Court of Appeal of Lubumbashi (1967-1970).
- Counsel for Société Nationale d'Assurances (1967-1970).
- Member of the Board of Directors of Société Nationale d'Assurances from 1966 to 1970.

2. University

- Instructor at the Official University of the Congo (1967-1968).
- Associate professor at the Official University of the Congo (1968-1969).
- Professor at the Official University of the Congo (1970).
- Professor in the Faculty of Law of the National University of Zaire from 1976 to date.

- Teaching courses on public international law, international organizations and international relations from 1967 to date.

3. Administrative

- Secretary of the Faculty of Economic, Political, Social and Administrative Sciences of the Official University of the Congo (1969).

- Dean of the Faculty of Law of the National University of Zaire at the time of the University's establishment (1971-1973).

- Director of the Institute of Advanced International Studies of the National University of Zaire (1970-1972).

4. Judicial and other

- Judge at the Supreme Court of Justice of Zaire from 12 February 1970 to November 1978.

- President of the Supreme Court of Justice from November 1978 to October 1986.

- Senior President of the Supreme Court of Justice from October 1986 to date.

- Member of the Standing Committee on Reform of the Law of the Republic of Zaire from its establishment in 1971 to date.

- Chairman of the Standing Committee on Reform of the Law of the Republic of Zaire from February 1987 to date.

- Chairman of the Standing Subcommittee on Judicial Law from 1980 to date.

5. International posts and missions

- International civil servant at the Fonds Belgo-Congolais d'amortissement et de gestion, Brussels, 1965-1967.

- Representative of Zaire to the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law: 1968-1972.

- Member of the Zairian delegation to the Conference of Heads of State of Central and East Africa, Lusaka, Zambia, 1968.

- Member of the Zairian delegation to the fourth summit conference of the Organization of African Unity, Kinshasa, 1968.

- Participated in the United Nations General Assembly (1969, 1970, 1972, 1975, 1978, 1980, 1981, 1982, 1985, 1986 and 1990).

- Member of the Zairian delegation to the International Court of Justice at The Hague in connection with the consideration by the Court of the question of Western Sahara (July 1975).

- Representative of Zaire in the Sixth Committee of the United Nations General Assembly from 1978 to date.

- Member of the delegation of Zaire before the Committee on the Elimination of Racial Discrimination at its twenty-first and twenty-second sessions (Geneva and New York, 1980).

- Member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration from February 1981 to date.

- Member of the Zairian delegation to the Ministerial Conference of the Organization of African Unity on the elaboration of the African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights, Banjul, Gambia, 1981.

- Member of the Zairian delegation to the Ministerial Conference and the eighteenth summit conference of the Organization of African Unity, Nairobi, Kenya, June 1981.

- Member of the International Law Commission of the United Nations, 1982-1987.

- Member of the Ad Hoc Working Group of Experts on Southern Africa of the United Nations Commission on Human Rights from 1982 to date.

- Chairman of the Ad Hoc Working Group of Experts on Southern Africa since August 1987.

- Member of the Zairian delegation to the forty-third session of the Commission on Human Rights, Geneva, 1987.

V. PRINCIPAL PUBLICATIONS

1. Fonds Belgo-Congolais d'amortissement et de gestion (contribution to the study of international public institutions) (Lubumbashi, Publications de l'Université Officielle du Congo, 1968) 225 pages.

2. Les fonctions diplomatiques et internationales (undergraduate textbook, 1969).

3. Histoire des relations internationales (undergraduate textbook, 1969).

4. Droit consulaire et style diplomatique (undergraduate textbook, 1969).

5. L'organisation judiciaire chez les Sakata, Dia et les Boma du Lac Léopold II (Brussels, Centre for Juridical History and Ethnology of the E. Solvay Institute of Sociology of the Free University of Brussels, 1970).

6. Nouveau droit constitutionnel zaïrois et le droit international (Paris, Nouvelles Editions Africaines, 1972) 350 pages.

7. Les organisations internationales (undergraduate textbook) (Faculty of Law, University of Kinshasa, third edition, 1988).

8. La politique extérieure du Zaïre (Institut des Sciences et Techniques de l'Information, 1980).

9. Droit international de la coopération (graduate-level textbook) (University of Kinshasa, 1985).

10. L'OUA et la Charte de l'ONU.

11. Les organisations internationales africaines (University of Kinshasa, 1985).

12. "La notion d'actes de gouvernement en droit zaïrois" (Mélanges Ph. Piron collection).

13. "Le statut de la loi étrangère", Revue Juridique du Zaïre, 1985.

14. "Les Tribunaux de paix et leur évolution au Zaïre", Revue Juridique du Zaïre, February 1985.

15. "The African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights" (published in English by Karl-Franzens-Universität Graz. Institut für Volkerrecht und Internationale Beziehungen) Austrian International Law Journal, 1984.

16. "Apartheid and the crime of genocide" (United Nations Office at Geneva, 1984, E/CN.4/AC.22/1984/810 and Add.1).

17. "Le droit à la vie", essay published by the Association of International Consultants on Human Rights, Geneva, in a collection of essays in memory of N. Kushalani (Bruxelles Bruylant, 1986).

18. "Cours sur l'intégration africaine" (Yaoundé, Cameroon, United Nations Institute for Training and Research, 1984).

19. Le Protocole de Genève du 17 juin 1925 et l'interdiction de l'emploi de certaines armes (Geneva, United Nations Centre for Disarmament, 1985).

20. La responsabilité pénale internationale des Etats et l'oeuvre de la Commission du droit international (1985).

21. "La notion d'acte de gouvernement en droit zaïrois" (unpublished essay submitted to the Supreme Court of Justice).

22. "Le contrat d'entreprise clé-en-mains, le cas du Zaïre", Revue de l'Institut de droit d'expression française (IDEF), Paris, 1988.

23. "Le contrat de travail au Zaïre", Revue de l'Institut de droit d'expression française (IDEF), Paris, 1989 (to be published).

24. "L'administration de la justice et la promotion des droits de l'homme", to be published soon in the Revue de l'Association internationale des juristes africains.

25. "Compétence et procédure administratives de la Cour Suprême de Justice du Zaïre", paper delivered to the International Conference of Higher Administrative Courts, Helsinki, June 1989.

VI. STUDY TRIPS ABROAD

- Intern at the United Nations Office at Geneva, 1965.
- Study trip to the International Court of Justice, The Hague, 1965.
- Represented the Official University of the Congo at the Conference of African Universities, Kinshasa, 1968.
- Represented the Official University of the Congo at the Conference of Wholly or Partially French-Speaking Universities, Montreal, 1969.
- Study trip to the United States of America (fellowship provided by the United States Government), 1972.
- Attended the second session of The Hague Academy of International Law, July 1975.

VII. MEMBERSHIP IN INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATIONS AND OTHER INFORMATION

- Member of the Association of Attenders and Alumni of The Hague Academy of International Law.
- Member of the World Peace through Law Centre, Geneva.

- Member of the International Association of Democratic Lawyers, Belgium.

- Member of the Association "Henri Rolin", Belgium (for the study of international law).

- Participated as a consultant/expert in the UNITAR regional seminar for Africa, Kinshasa, 1975. Course on international development law.

- Participated in the international law seminar organized at Harare, Zimbabwe in 1981 by the University of Zimbabwe, in collaboration with the International Law Institute of Karl Franzen University, Graz, Austria.

- Presentation on the African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights.

- Participated in the nineteenth session of the International Law Seminar held at Geneva during the thirty-fifth session of the United Nations International Law Commission

  Presentation: "Issues relating to the draft Code of Crimes against the Peace and Security of Mankind", July 1983.

- Lecture entitled "Reflections on international development law" at the forum of the International Lawyers' Association of Geneva, July 1983.

- Participated in the UNITAR diplomatic seminar, Geneva, 1983

  Presentation: "The Work of the United Nations International Law Commission", June 1983.

- Participated as a consultant/expert in the UNITAR regional seminar for Africa, Yaoundé, Cameroon, November 1984.

- Participated in the symposium at Geneva, held in June 1985 and sponsored by the United Nations Centre for Disarmament, on the occasion of the sixtieth anniversary of the Geneva Protocol of 17 June 1925 for the prohibition of the use of asphyxiating gases.

- Participated in the third session of the seminar organized at Geneva by the International Training Centre for Human Rights and Peace Teaching of the World Association for the School as an Instrument of Peace

  Presentation: "The African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights", July 1985.

- Participated as an expert at the Meeting of Experts on Security, Disarmament and Development in Africa, sponsored jointly by the Organization of African Unity (OAU) and the United Nations, Lomé, Togo, August 1985.

- Vice-President of the African Association of International Law, April 1986 to date.

- Vice-President of the international club "Zaïre-Monde" from its establishment in April 1986 to date.

- Vice-Chairman of the Committee for the International Covenants on Human Rights, a national advisory body within the Department of Citizen's Rights and Freedoms, 1987 to date.

- Zairian representative to the nineteenth congress of the Institut de droit d'expression française (IDEF) (French-language Law Institute), Yaoundé, Cameroon, February 1988.

- Coordinator for Central Africa of the research project on "international humanitarian law and African traditions", undertaken jointly by the Institut Henri Dunant, Geneva, and the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC), Geneva.

- Initiator of the Central African subregional colloquium on international humanitarian law, held in January 1987 at the University of Kinshasa, in collaboration with ICRC, Geneva.

- Zairian representative to the twentieth congress of IDEF, Paris, January 1989.

- Zairian representative to the International Conference of Ministers of Justice of French-speaking Countries, Paris, 1989.

- Participated in the International Conference of Higher Administrative Courts, Helsinki, June 1989.

VIII. LANGUAGES

- French: official language.

- English: fluent (oral and written).

SAMARENDRA SEN

Date of birth	10 August 1914
Education	Bachelor of Arts, Calcutta University B.Sc. (Economics), London Diploma in Phonetics, London Member, Lincoln's Inn, London
Posts held	
October 1938	Joined the Indian Civil Service
1940-1946	Held administrative posts within India
1946	Selected for the Indian Political Service
1946-1948	Liaison Officer, Government of India to the United Nations, New York
1947-1949	Joined the Indian Foreign Service
1949-1950	Served at Indian Mission in London
1953-1955	Consul General in Switzerland and Representative to International Organizations in Geneva
1955-1957	Chairman, International Commission for Supervision and Control in Laos
1957-1959	Joint Secretary, Ministry of External Affairs
1960-1962	High Commissioner of India to Australia and New Zealand
	Visited Western Samoa and South-East Asia, including Laos as Chairman of reconvened International Commission
1962-1964	Special Officer in Indian Embassy, Morocco, and Ambassador to Algeria
1964-1966	Ambassador to Lebanon, Jordan and Kuwait and High Commissioner to Cyprus
1966-1968	High Commissioner of India to Pakistan

1969-1974	Permanent Representative to the United Nations, New York. Was member of the Security Council (its President by rotation) and attended Council's special session in Somalia and Panama. Chairman of the Committee for Programme and Coordination and representative to the General Assembly, the Economic and Social Council, etc.
1974-1977	High Commissioner of India to Bangladesh
1977-1978	Ambassador of India to Sweden
	Retired from the Indian Foreign Service in 1978
After retirement	Several conferences and special assignments; also contributed articles in newspapers and periodicals; Chairman, Indian Missions Review Committee; elected to the United Nations Administrative Tribunal in 1980; President, Administrative Tribunal (1986-1988)
Miscellaneous	Decorations: Kaiser-I-Hind for humanitarian work in India in 1942 and Padma Shri for work in Laos in 1956

Hubert THIERRY

Date of birth: 7 June 1925

I. HIGHER EDUCATION

1952-1954:	Lecturer in the Faculty of Law, Bordeaux
1954:	Second place in the concours d'agrégation, Faculty of Law
1954-1958:	Professeur agrégé in the Faculty of Law of Grenoble
1961-1969:	Professor, Faculty of Law at Caen
1969 until now:	Professor, University of Paris X, Nanterre
1974-1979:	Course at the Paris Institute of Political Studies: "The third world in international relations"
1978:	Course at the Institute of Higher International Studies, Paris II
1982-1983:	Vice-Chairman of the board of examiners in non-compulsory subjects at the National School of Administration (ENA)
1980:	Course at the Hague Academy of International Law: "Resolutions in the jurisprudence of the International Court of Justice"
1985 and 1986:	Visiting Professor at the Institute of Higher International Studies at Geneva
1989-1990:	Visiting Professor at the University of Geneva (Faculty of Law)
1990:	General course in international law at the Hague Academy

II. INTERNATIONAL ACTIVITIES

1955-1961:	Member of the French delegations to the General Assembly of the United Nations
1959-1961:	Legal adviser to the Embassy of France in Tunis
1981-1986:	Deputy Director, United Nations Institute for Training and Research
1990:	Ad Hoc Judge in the International Court of Justice at the Hague in the Senegal-Guinea-Bissau arbitral award

III. OTHER ACTIVITIES

1972-1976: Vice President of the University of Paris X - Nanterre

1971-1979: Chairman, French section of Amnesty International

1974-1978: Chargé de mission in the Office of the President of the Assemblée Nationale

IV. PUBLICATIONS

Manuel de droit international (Monchrestien, 1975, fifth edition 1986)

Droit et Relations Internationales (Domat Monchrestien, 1984)

Since 1984, numerous articles in the Annuaire français de droit international

Many other articles in various reviews published in France and abroad

V. LEARNED SOCIETIES

Member of the French Society for International Law

Member of the International Council for Human Rights (Fondation Rene Cassin)

VI. DECORATIONS

Officier de la Légion d'Honneur

Officier des Palmes Académiques

UNITED
NATIONS

A

General Assembly

Distr.
GENERAL

A/C.5/46/55
5 December 1991
ENGLISH
ORIGINAL: ENGLISH/FRENCH/
RUSSIAN/SPANISH

Forty-sixth session
FIFTH COMMITTEE
Agenda item 18 (f)

APPOINTMENTS TO FILL VACANCIES IN SUBSIDIARY ORGANS AND OTHER APPOINTMENTS

Appointment of members and alternate members of the United Nations Staff Pension Committee

Note by the Secretary-General

1. As indicated in document A/46/106 of 7 May 1991, it will be necessary for the General Assembly, during its current session, to appoint four members and four alternate members to fill vacancies in the membership of the United Nations Staff Pension Committee for terms of office of three years, beginning 1 January 1992. The present members and alternate members whose terms of office expire on 31 December 1991 are Mr. Leonid E. Bidny, Mr. Jorge Duhalt, Mr. Yogesh Kumar Gupta, Mr. Tadanori Inomata, Mr. Ulrich Kalbitzer, Mr. Sol Kuttner, Mr. M'hand Ladjouzi and Mr. Michael G. Okeyo.

2. The following persons have been nominated by their respective Governments for appointment or reappointment:

Mr. Mohamed Férid Belhaj (Tunisia);

Mr. Leonid E. Bidny (Union of Soviet Socialist Republics);

Mr. Jorge Duhalt (Mexico);

Mr. Tadanori Inomata (Japan);

Mr. Richard Kinchen (United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland);

Mr. M'hand Ladjouzi (Algeria);

Mr. Ranjit Rae (India);

Ms. Susan Shearouse (United States of America).

3. The candidates' curricula vitae follow.

Mohamed Férid BELHAJ

Date of birth: 25 February 1959.

Place of birth: Tunis.

Education

Baccalaureate (Humanities)

First degree in public law, Faculty of Law and Economic and Political Science, Tunis

Diploma of Higher Studies (DEA) in international public law. Faculty of Law and Economic Science, France

DEA in Political Science, University of Law and Social Science, Paris II (Panthéon, Sorbonne)

Vocational experience

Head of list in the competition to recruit secretaries in the Department of Foreign Affairs

Secretary in the Department of Foreign Affairs, attached to the Director-General for Political Affairs, 1986

Attaché in the Office of the Minister for Foreign Affairs, 1987

Assigned to the Permanent Mission of Tunisia to the United Nations at New York in the capacity of First Secretary, from 1988 to date

Representative of Tunisia in the Sixth (Legal) Committee to the General Assembly at the forty-third, forty-fourth and forty-fifth sessions

Representative of Tunisia to the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization at its 1989 and 1990 sessions

Vice-Chairman, at its 1990 session, of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization

Tunisian representative at the meetings of the Committee on Applications for Review of Administrative Tribunal Judgements

Representative of Tunisia for matters relating to Law of the Sea

Member of the Tunisian delegation to the seventh, eighth and ninth sessions of the Preparatory Commission for the International Sea-bed Authority and for the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea

Chairman of the African Group at the ninth session of the Preparatory Commission (Law of the Sea)

Representative of Tunisia in the Fifth (Administrative and Budgetary) Committee at the forty-fourth and forty-fifth sessions of the General Assembly

Representative of Tunisia in the thirtieth and thirty-first sessions of the Committee for Programme and Coordination

Chairman of the African Group in the Fifth Committee at the forty-fifth session of the General Assembly

Officer in charge of political affairs relating to the non-aligned countries in the Permanent Mission

Participated in preparing the Conference of Ministers of Labour of the Non-Aligned Countries, Tunis, November 1990

Participated in the meeting of the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the Non-Aligned Movement held at New York in April 1990

Participated in the meeting of the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the Non-Aligned Movement held at New York in October 1990 during the forty-fifth session of the General Assembly

Representative of Tunisia to the Coordinating Bureau of the Non-Aligned Movement in New York

Leonid Yephimovich BIDNY

Date of birth:	1942
Education:	
1969	Moscow University
1977	Diplomatic Academy of the Soviet Ministry of Foreign Affairs. Ph.D. in Law
Experience:	
1970-1975	United Nations Secretariat
1975-1977	Diplomatic Academy of the Soviet Ministry of Foreign Affairs
1977-1978	United Nations Secretariat
1978-1983	Second Secretary, then First Secretary at the Permanent Mission of the USSR to the United Nations
1983-1985	First Secretary at the Soviet Ministry of Foreign Affairs
From 1986	Counsellor at the Department of International Organizations, Soviet Ministry of Foreign Affairs, responsible for formulating and implementing Soviet Union policies on administrative and budgetary issues of the United Nations system
1991	Member of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (ACABQ) and the United Nations Staff Pension Committee

Served as member of the USSR delegation to the Fifth Committee and other administrative and budgetary bodies of the United Nations from the forty-first to forty-fifth sessions of the General Assembly.

Married, has two sons.

JORGE JOSE DUHALT

Educational background

	Studies	School
1963-1967	University degree in economics	Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México
1968	Economic and social planning	Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México/Economic Commission for Latin America (Mexico)
1969	Project evaluation and planning	Institute for Development Studies, University of Sussex (United Kingdom)
1969-1970	Economy and finance	Institut International d'Adminstration Publique (France)
1970-1973	University doctorate in development economics	Université de Paris I (France)

Professional experience

	Position	Organization
1973-1975	Head of the Office for the Transfer of Technology	National Council for Science and Technology
1976-1977	Counsellor for Scientific and Technological Affairs	Embassy of Mexico in Cuba
1977-1979	General Manager for Administration	Productos Pesqueros Mexicanos (public enterprise)
1979-1983	Deputy Director for International Technical Cooperation	Coordination of administrative studies of the Office of the President of Mexico
1984-1985	Head of Management Control for the Under-Secretary of Sanitation Control	Ministry of Health of Mexico
1986-1988	Director of Trade Negotiations and Regional Integration	Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Mexico
1988-1990	Delegate to the Fifth Committee	Permanent Mission of Mexico to the United Nations

1991 Alternate member of the United Nations Joint Staff Pension Committee

Principal international meetings attended as representative of Mexico

1973 Meeting of Government Experts on Industrial Property and Technology for Development, Organization of American States (OAS), Washington

1973 Seminar for technical directors of the pilot project on transfer of technology, OAS, Lima

1974 First meeting of the Working Group on Science and Technology, Meeting of Foreign Ministers of the Americas, Brasilia

1974 Second meeting of the Working Group on Science and Technology, Meeting of Foreign Ministers of the Americas, Caracas

1974 Third meeting of the Working Group on Science and Technology, Meeting of Foreign Ministers of the Americas, Santiago

1976 Mexico-Cuba Joint Committee on Scientific and Technological Cooperation, Havana

1980 Second Mexico-United States Bilateral Meeting on Public Administration, Washington

1986 Third Regular Meeting of the Support Committee for the Economic and Social Development of Central America of the Latin American Economic System, Panama City

1986 Twenty-first annual meeting at the ministerial level of the Inter-American Economic and Social Council, OAS, Washington

1986 Twelfth regular meeting of the Latin American Council, Latin American Economic System, Lima

1987 Third meeting of Foreign Ministers of States members of the Latin American Integration Association, Montevideo

1987 Thirteenth regular meeting of the Latin American Council, Latin American Economic System, Caracas

1987 Twenty-second annual meeting at the ministerial level of the Inter-American Economic and Social Council, OAS, Washington

1988 Thirty-fifth session of the Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme, Geneva

1988 Forty-third session of the United Nations General Assembly, Second and Fifth Committees

1989 Special Meeting to mark the twenty-fifth Anniversary of the Group of 77, Caracas

1989 Forty-fourth session of the United Nations General Assembly, Fifth Committee

TADANORI INOMATA

Date of birth	19 May 1942
Place of birth	Hyogo-ken, Japan
Nationality	Japanese
Sex	Male
Marital status	Married
Education	
1961-1965	Keio University, Tokyo, Japan, Bachelor of Laws (Political Science, International Relations)
1966-1967 and 1970-1971	Keio University, Graduate School Master of Laws (Government and International Relations)
1966-1968	Université de Rennes, Rennes, France (Faculté de droit et des sciences économiques)
1971-1972	Institute for International Studies and Training Fujinomiya, Japan Diploma (Area studies-China, international business management and language-English and Chinese)
Professional experience	
1966	Joined the Ministry of Foreign Affairs
1968-1970	Attaché, Delegation of Japan to the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD)
1970-1975	Economic Affairs Division, United Nations Bureau
1975-1978	Administrator, OECD
1978-1982	Economic Affairs Division, United Nations Bureau
1982-1984	Deputy Director, First Resources Division, Economic Affairs Bureau
1984-1987	Deputy Director, Manufactures Division, United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD)
1988 Jan.-present	Counsellor, Permanent Mission of Japan to the United Nations

International meetings and conferences attended

United Nations Joint Staff Pension Board and Standing Committee

United Nations General Assembly (Second and Fifth Committees)

Economic and Social Council

UNDP Governing Council

UNCTAD (fourth, fifth, and seventh sessions)

Trade and Development Board

Committee on Conferences

OECD Development Assistance Committee

General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade

Conference on International Economic Cooperation (Paris, May 1975-June 1977)

Membership

1988- Member of ACABQ

1989- Alternate member of the United Nations Staff Pension Committee

RICHARD KINCHEN

Born: 1948

Educated: Cambridge University (graduated 1970)

Joined Diplomatic Service: 1970

Member of secretariat of British Commission for Rhodesian Opinion (the Pearce Commission): 1972

Second Secretary (Economic), British Embassy, Kuwait: 1972-1973

Second, later First, Secretary, British Embassy, Luxembourg: 1975-1977

First Secretary (Economic), British Embassy, Paris: 1977-1979

European Community Department, Foreign and Commonwealth Office, London: 1979-1982 (dealing with the common commercial policy of the European Community)

Private Secretary to the Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State (junior Minister) responsible inter alia for United Nations affairs: 1982-1984

Head of Chancery, First Secretary (Commercial) and Consul, British Embassy, Rabat: 1984-1988

Counsellor (Administrative and Budgetary Questions) United Kingdom Mission to the United Nations since March 1988

International conferences attended

Various meetings of the Council of Ministers of the European Community and its subsidiary bodies

OECD Development Assistance Committee, 1977

General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade Contracting Parties, 1981 and ministerial level meeting, 1982

United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization's General Conference, 1983

South Pacific Forum, 1983

British representative on the Committee for Programme and Coordination, the Committee on Conferences and the Fifth (Administrative and Budgetary) Committee of the United Nations General Assembly since March 1988

Member of ACABQ

Married, three children

M'HAND LADJOUZI

Date of birth: 23 September 1954

Place of birth: Bejaia, Algeria

Family status: Married, one child

Languages: Arabic, English, French and some knowledge of Spanish and German

Diploma: B.A. in political sciences
Diploma, National School of Administration
Diplomatic section (graduated head of his class)
M.A. in international relations

Professional experience

1980-1981	In charge of the Bureau of the Environment at the Department of International Economic Relations, Ministry of Foreign Affairs
1981-1982	Vice-President of the Conference of Mediterranean countries in charge of the Action Plan to Combat Pollution in the Mediterranean
	Head of the Bureau of Planning and Synthesis at the Department of International Economic Relations, Ministry of Foreign Affairs
1982-1984	Head of the Bureau of Cultural, Scientific and Technical Affairs
1984-1989	Representative of Algeria on the Fifth Committee
	Representative of Algeria on the Committee on Conferences
1984-1990	Representative of Algeria on the Committee for Programme and Coordination
1989-1991	Elected as representative of the General Assembly on the United Nations Joint Staff Pension Board
1990	Counsellor at the Algerian Embassy in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia
1991	Member of ACABQ

Participation at international meetings

1980	Meeting concerning the Action Plan to Combat Pollution in the Mediterranean, held in Athens, Greece, October 1980
1981	Meeting concerning the Action Plan held in Cannes, France, October 1981

1981-1982	Meetings of the Bureau concerning the Action Plan, as First Vice-President of the Conference of Mediterranean Countries
	Tenth session and special session of the Governing Council of the United Nations Environment Programme, Nairobi, Kenya
1983	Meetings of the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA), Vienna, Austria
1983	General Conference of UNESCO, Paris, France
1984-1989	Thirty-ninth to forty-fourth sessions of the General Assembly
	Meetings of the Committee on Conferences
	Meetings of the Committee for Programme and Coordination
1989-1990	Meetings of the United Nations Joint Staff Pension Board
1990	Council of Ministers of the Organization of African Unity (OAU), Addis Ababa, Ethiopia
	Thirtieth session of the Committee for Programme and Coordination
	Special session and forty-third session of the United Nations Joint Staff Pension Board
	Assembly of Heads of State and Government of OAU held in July 1990 in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia
	Forty-fifth session of the General Assembly

RANJIT RAE

Date of birth	25 February 1957
Place of birth	New Delhi, India
Educational qualifications	Bachelor of Arts in Economics (Honours) Delhi University
	Master of Arts (Economics), Delhi School of Economics, Delhi University
1978-1980	Lecturer in Economics, St. Stephen's College, Delhi University
1980	Joined Indian Foreign Service
1982-1984	Third Secretary/Second Secretary Information and Administration, Permanent Mission of India, Vienna
1984-1986	Second Secretary, Head of Chancery High Commission of India, Kampala
1986-1990	Under Secretary, United Nations Division, Ministry of External Affairs
	Under Secretary/Deputy Secretary, Foreign Secretary's Office, Ministry of External Affairs, New Delhi
January 1991	First Secretary, Permanent Mission of India, New York
	Indian delegate on the Committee for Programme and Coordination; Fifth Committee; Security Council Committee established by resolution 661 (1990) concerning the situation between Iraq and Kuwait

SUSAN SHEAROUSE

Professional experience

Adviser 1983-present	United States Department of State United States Mission to the United Nations

Member of the United States delegations to the Fifth Committee of the General Assembly, United Nations Children's Fund and the United Nations Development Programme Governing Council. Previously served as the United States representative to the Committee on Conferences and adviser to the Committee for Programme and Coordination. Responsible for the promotion of United States policies in the areas of personnel, administration, management and financing of the United Nations and the New York-based United Nations agencies.

Project Director 1981-1983	Sheet Metal Worker's Local Union #28 New York, New York

Responsible for the administration of a Government-financed employment and training pilot project for minorities

Federal representative 1978-1981	United States Department of Labor New York, New York

Responsible for all aspects of Government-financed employment and training programmes in rural counties of New York State

Recruitment Coordinator 1977-1978	ACTION-Peace Corps/VISTA New York, New York

Developed and coordinated policies and procedures for VISTA programme in north-east region

Environmental Designer 1976-1977	VISTA Volunteer New Jersey and North Carolina

Designed urban parks

Education

Rutgers College, New Brunswick, New Jersey
B.A. in Environmental Planning, 1976

UNITED
NATIONS

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General Assembly

Distr.
GENERAL

A/C.5/46/55/Add.1
10 December 1991

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

Forty-sixth session
FIFTH COMMITTEE
Agenda item 18 (f)

APPOINTMENTS TO FILL VACANCIES IN SUBSIDIARY ORGANS AND OTHER APPOINTMENTS: APPOINTMENT OF MEMBERS AND ALTERNATE MEMBERS OF THE UNITED NATIONS STAFF PENSION COMMITTEE

Note by the Secretary-General

Addendum

1. As indicated in document A/46/106 of 7 May 1991, it will be necessary for the General Assembly, during its current session, to appoint four members and four alternate members to fill vacancies that will arise in the membership of the United Nations Staff Pension Committee, effective 31 December 1991.

2. In document A/C.5/46/55 of 5 December 1991, the Secretary-General informed the General Assembly of the names of eight persons nominated by their respective Governments for appointment to the United Nations Staff Pension Committee for a term of office beginning on 1 January 1992.

3. The Secretary-General wishes to inform the General Assembly that the Governments of Kenya and Uganda have nominated, respectively, Mr. Michael G. Okeyo and Mr. Nathan Irumba for appointment to the United Nations Staff Pension Committee for a term of office beginning on 1 January 1992.

4. The candidates' curricula vitae follow.

NATHAN IRUMBA

Date of birth	27 December 1944
Marital status	Married with children
Education	Secondary
1959-1962	Ntare School, Mbarara Cambridge School Certificate (Ordinary level)
1963-1965	Makerere College School Cambridge Higher School Certificate (Advanced level)
	University
1965-1968	Makerere University, Kampala Bachelor of Arts (Honours) Political Science and Sociology
1978-1979	The College of Law Chancery Lane, London U.K. Law Society Qualifying Law Certificate
Work experience	
1988 to present (1991)	Director/Head of International Organisations Department, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Kampala
1984-1988	Ambassador and Deputy Permanent Representative of Uganda to the United Nations in New York Responsible for overall coordination of the Uganda delegation.
1981-1984	Minister Counsellor/Head of Chancery, Permanent Mission of Uganda to the United Nations, New York
1980-1981	Counsellor, Permanent Mission of Uganda to the United Nations, New York
1975-1977	Under-Secretary responsible for Administration and Finance, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Kampala
1974-1975	Counsellor/Head of Chancery, Uganda Embassy, Paris and Permanent Mission of Uganda to the United Nations Office at Geneva

1971-1974 Second Secretary (Commercial), Uganda High Commission, London

1969-1971 Special Assistant to the Minister for Foreign Affairs

1968-1969 Joined the Uganda Foreign Service in April 1968 as Assistant Secretary responsible for United Nations matters

Conferences

Member of Uganda delegation to the regular sessions of the United Nations General Assembly continuously from 1968-1970 and from 1980-1991

Deputy representative of Uganda in the Security Council 1981-1982

Representative of Uganda to the Fifth Committee 1988-1991

Representative of Uganda to the Committee for Programme and Coordination, 1988-1991

Chairman of the Special Political Committee for the thirty-sixth session of the General Assembly, 1981

Representative of Uganda to the Special Political Committee, 1980-1991

Represented Uganda in regular sessions of the Economic and Social Council and other United Nations conferences, e.g. on Least Developed Countries, Law of the Sea, Outer Space, Humanitarian Law Conference, GATT, etc.

Member of Uganda delegation to Commonwealth Heads of States Meetings in 1969 and 1971 and to several Organization of African Unity and non-aligned movement conferences

MICHAEL G. OKEYO

Date of birth 1939

Marital status Married

Training B.A. in Political Science and Economics

M.A. in Public Administration and Economics

Diplomatic career

1967-1968	Was an intern with the United Nations Development Programme in New York and served as a management assistant with the International Monetary Fund in Washington, D.C.
1968	Received diplomatic training at the Dag Hammarskjöld Foundation at Upsala, Sweden
1968	Served as an Assistant Secretary in the Kenyan Ministry of Foreign Affairs at Nairobi
1969-1972	Served as Second Secretary at Kenya's Embassy at Cairo
1974-1985	Was assigned to the Permanent Mission of Kenya to the United Nations, initially as First Secretary and from 1980 as Counsellor
	Twice held posts of Chairman of the United Nations Joint Staff Pension Board
	Chairman of the Committee on Conferences for eight years
	Chairman of the Committee for Programme and Coordination
1985-1988	Under-Secretary and head of the Middle East Division of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Kenya
1988	Elected Chairman of the United Nations Administrative and Budgetary Committee (Fifth Committee), and head of the Kenya delegation to the United Nations
1988-1991	Kenya's Ambassador and Permanent Representative to the United Nations
October 1991	Appointed Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Natural Resources

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UNITED
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General Assembly

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Agenda item 107

PROPOSED PROGRAMME BUDGET FOR THE BIENNIUM 1992-1993

United Nations office accommodation: reimbursement to the regular budget of the cost of accommodation for posts related to extrabudgetary activities

Report of the Secretary-General

I. IMPROVEMENT OF THE SYSTEM FOR THE REIMBURSEMENT TO THE REGULAR BUDGET OF STAFF FUNDED FROM EXTRABUDGETARY RESOURCES

1. Following its review of section 28D, Office of General Services, of the proposed programme budget for the biennium 1990-1991, 1/ the General Assembly, in section XIII of its resolution 44/201 B of 21 December 1989, requested the Secretary-General to devise a more satisfactory system for the reimbursement to the regular budget of the cost of accommodation for posts related to extrabudgetary activities and to report thereon to the General Assembly. The present report is submitted in accordance with that request.

A. Background

2. The question of whether the cost of providing office accommodation for staff financed by extrabudgetary funds should be borne by the regular budget or met from extrabudgetary funds themselves was first raised by the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (ACABQ) during the twenty-eighth session of the General Assembly in its report contained in document A/9008/Add.2 dated 19 October 1973. Subsequently, the Fifth Committee recommended, and the General Assembly agreed, that the question of reimbursement should be the subject of a study to be undertaken by the Joint

Inspection Unit (JIU) in conjunction with the report on the use of office accommodation within the United Nations system, which the Unit had been called upon to submit to the General Assembly at its thirtieth session. That recommendation arose as a result of several reports on the following subjects: construction projects owing to the situation created by the shortage of office space at Headquarters, the transfer of staff within the complex of Headquarters buildings to other locations, United Nations office accommodation at Geneva, etc., and requests sought by the Secretary-General for renewed authority to rent additional office space on a commercial basis.

3. In its report issued in 1974 regarding utilization of office accommodation at United Nations Headquarters (JIU/REP/74/6, A/9854), JIU expressed the view that the question of whether all extrabudgetary funds should pay, or contribute towards, the costs of staff employed on their behalf; whether this principle should apply to accommodation provided in the United Nations buildings as well as to accommodation in rented premises; and whether it should be extended to other facilities and services provided by the United Nations to staff financed from extrabudgetary funds can be resolved only at the policy level. It was, therefore, then considered that it was for the General Assembly and the legislative bodies of the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) to make the necessary decision in the light of relevant facts. JIU also expressed the hope that the Secretary-General would be given clear guidance regarding the facilities and services that he should or should not provide to extrabudgetary staff at the expense of the regular budget. A 1975 JIU report on office accommodation provided for extrabudgetary staff in the United Nations system (JIU/REP/75/6, A/10279) contained information on the number of extrabudgetary staff and details of the related financing arrangements. Since the Inspectors report was essentially factual in nature, it contained, unlike most JIU reports, no recommendations, with one exception, namely: that the cost of providing office accommodation for extrabudgetary staff was only one of many elements in the question of the allocation of support costs, which had been a subject of discussion in the United Nations system for many years and had yet to be resolved to the satisfaction of all.

4. The Secretary-General agreed with the view expressed by the Inspectors that the cost of providing office accommodation for extrabudgetary staff was only one of many elements in the question of allocation of support costs and it could not, on practical grounds, be dealt with separately from the consideration of those other elements.

5. At its thirtieth session, the General Assembly requested the Secretary-General to include in his progress report on the programme budget for the biennium 1976-1977 to the General Assembly at its thirty-first session proposals regarding a more equitable distribution of the costs of services provided by the United Nations to activities financed from extrabudgetary funds. Pursuant to that decision, the Secretary-General submitted further reports to the General Assembly on the general question of the costs of support services, including the costs of accommodation provided from the regular budget to extrabudgetary activities (A/C.5/31/33 and A/C.5/32/29).

Those reports primarily addressed the following: (a) services provided to extrabudgetary activities such as the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) and the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) that had their own administrative structures but received administrative support from the United Nations; and (b) services to those extrabudgetary activities that formed a part of the programme of the United Nations as such and therefore supplemented or complemented those parts of the programme financed by the regular budget.

6. Based on the recommendations of ACABQ on those reports, separate agreements were entered into with the specialized agencies to reimburse the United Nations for the cost of the space the agencies occupied at United Nations premises. The reimbursements have been reflected in the estimates of income from rental of premises under income section 2 of the proposed programme budgets.

B. Definitions

7. In order to review effectively the system for the reimbursement to the regular budget of the cost of accommodation of posts related to extrabudgetary activities, the term "extrabudgetary staff" needs to be defined and categorized. Moreover, since the cost of accommodation is not limited to the payment of rental, the elements included in the "cost of accommodation" also need to be determined.

8. For the purposes of the present report, it is proposed that all staff except those financed from the regular budget of the United Nations be considered "extrabudgetary" staff. However, with regard to peace-keeping operations, the civilian staff who are paid from the assessed budgets of those operations are not included in this category. With regard to those operations, only staff encumbering support posts that are not financed directly from assessed budgets are considered extrabudgetary. Extrabudgetary staff would thus include the following:

(a) Staff of specialized agencies;

(b) Staff funded from extrabudgetary programmes of the United Nations;

(c) Extrabudgetary components of departments or offices of the United Nations;

(d) Interagency secretariats, such as the International Civil Service Commission (ICSC), JIU, the Consultative Committee on Administrative Questions (CCAQ), the Administrative Committee on Coordination (ACC), the United Nations Joint Staff Pension Fund (UNJSPF), etc.

9. The cost of accommodation is not limited to the payment of rental, namely the rate per square foot/metre of occupancy. It also includes the following:

(a) Operating costs, such as utilities, communications, maintenance of premises, maintenance of furniture and equipment, supplies and materials;

(b) Common services costs, such as the provision of security, safety and messenger services and other support staff;

(c) Amortization cost of capital improvements and acquisitions and major maintenance.

C. Current situation

10. The demand for additional office accommodation and services to be provided by the Organization to programmes and activities funded outside the regular budget has increased significantly over the years. Consequently, it has become necessary to seek reimbursement from extrabudgetary programmes that were not previously charged with the cost of accommodation. While some progress has been achieved during the past decade in this respect, it has often proved difficult to institute these charges to a number of extrabudgetary programmes since no legislative body has arrived at a comprehensive and definitive policy on the matter. There is also no consistent policy on either the extent of reimbursement or the categories of extrabudgetary programmes that should be charged for the cost of accommodation. The generally accepted principle that a certain amount of the cost of support of extrabudgetary activities be borne by the regular budget continues to be applied. The categories of extrabudgetary programmes reimbursing the regular budget for the cost of accommodation, therefore, vary among duty stations.

11. Furthermore, the elements included in the reimbursement for the cost of rental of premises and the treatment of reimbursement income vary by programmes and duty stations. At some duty stations, commercial rental rates are inclusive of general operating costs and common services costs; at other duty stations the rental rate includes only general operating costs aside from the rent paid per square foot/metre of occupancy; and at some duty stations the rental rate is limited to the rate per square foot/metre of occupancy, exclusive of all charges. At Headquarters and Geneva, the reimbursements paid by extrabudgetary programmes for services rendered by the regular budget, such as security and safety, telephone, messenger services, etc., are credited to an extrabudgetary account out of which staff costs directly related to the service are paid. At the United Nations Office at Vienna, payments made by the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East (UNRWA) are credited to income section 2, while those of the United Nations International Drug Control Programme and UNDP are credited to an extrabudgetary account. At the United Nations offices at Nairobi, the Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific (ESCAP) and the Economic Commision for Africa (ECA), the rental rate, which includes operating expenses and common services costs such as security, buildings management and communications, is all credited to income section 2. Moreover, in the determination of reimbursement for the cost of accommodation, amortization of capital improvements and acquisitions and major maintenance are normally not included in the payment agreements.

12. The paragraphs below outline in more detail the current practice of reimbursement to the regular budget for the cost of accommodation of posts funded from extrabudgetary resources.

1. Specialized agencies

13. On the basis of negotiations with the specialized agencies, the United Nations gradually implemented a policy of instituting rental charges for office accommodation provided to specialized agencies. Therefore, specialized agencies occupying space are currently charged rent. In New York, the cost of rental of premises reimbursed to the regular budget includes minor maintenance of premises and utilities which are provided for in the lease arrangements with the United Nations Development Corporation. At Addis Ababa and Bangkok the rental rate includes some elements of operating costs, while at Geneva the reimbursement rate includes only the cost of rental of furniture and equipment. At Nairobi, aside from operating costs, common service costs are included in the rental rate paid to the United Nations. All reimbursements are credited to income section 2.

2. Extrabudgetary programmes of the United Nations

14. Owing to differences in the establishment, purpose, financing and administration of extrabudgetary programmes of the United Nations, it is under this category that the establishment of policies on a system of reimbursement to the regular budget has proved most difficult. This general category includes:

(a) Subsidiary programmes that are funded separately and are responsible to the General Assembly but are not part of the United Nations Secretariat, such as UNDP, the United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA) and UNICEF;

(b) Subsidiary programmes that receive part of their funding from the regular budget and report to the General Assembly but are not part of the Secretariat, such as the Office of the United Nations High Commission for Refugees (UNHCR) and UNRWA;

(c) Offices of the United Nations Secretariat that receive significant funding from extrabudgetary resources rather than the regular budget, such as the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP), the United Nations Centre for Human Settlements (Habitat) and the United Nations International Drug Control Programme; or extrabudgetary components of the United Nations departments or offices;

(d) Special activities, usually pertaining to a humanitarian or relief nature, which are carried out as a responsibility of the Secretary-General but are funded totally from extrabudgetary resources, such as the United Nations Observer Group in Central America (ONUCA) and the Office of the Executive Delegate of the Secretary-General in the United Nations Interagency

Humanitarian Programme for Iraq, Kuwait and the Iraq/Turkey and Iran/Iraq border areas.

15. Some of those organizations that are subsidiary programmes of the General Assembly and are self-financed but are not part of the United Nations Secretariat, such as UNDP, UNFPA and UNICEF, not only pay rent but also reimburse the regular budget for other services rendered. Others, such as the autonomous research institutes, do not reimburse the regular budget for either rent or services rendered. While there should normally be no regular budget support for these autonomous institutes, owing to their financial difficulties, regular budget subsidies have been granted to a number of these institutes.

16. Similarly, the cost of accommodation is reimbursed to the regular budget by subsidiary programmes that receive part of their funding from the regular budget and report to the General Assembly but are not part of the United Nations Secretariat (namely UNHCR and UNRWA) and those offices of the Secretariat that receive significant funding from extrabudgetary resources rather than the regular budget (UNEP, Habitat and the United Nations International Drug Control Programme).

17. In respect of special activities, usually pertaining to a humanitarian or relief nature, that are funded totally from extrabudgetary resources, while administrative backstopping is provided free of charge to these offices, some of these programmes are charged for occupancy at United Nations premises and others are provided rent-free accommodation.

3. Extrabudgetary components of departments or offices of the United Nations

18. The departments or offices that have extrabudgetary components fall in the following broad categories:

(a) Departments and offices acting as executing agencies of technical cooperation or other operational projects, such as the Department of Technical Cooperation for Development, the regional commissions, the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD), the United Nations Centre on Transnational Corporations, etc.;

(b) Departments and offices of the United Nations Secretariat whose activities are supplemented by extrabudgetary resources such as the Department of International Economic and Social Affairs;

(c) Departments or offices mostly in the administrative area that provide services to a number of extrabudgetary administrative structures and receive reimbursement from these programmes;

(d) Departments or offices that provide administrative backstopping to peace-keeping operations.

(a) Staff funded from reimbursement for support to technical cooperation activities

19. As executing agency for technical cooperation projects, the United Nations has been reimbursed for programme support at a rate of 13 per cent. That rate was based on UNDP Governing Council decision 80/44 of 27 June 1980, as approved by the General Assembly in section V of its resolution 35/217 of 17 December 1980. That decision by the Governing Council was primarily applicable to the operational funds provided to the United Nations by UNDP and UNFPA. On that basis, it was decided also to apply the same programme support percentage for other operational projects and other trust funds. Based on the cost measurement exercise conducted at that time, however, the full cost of providing accommodation and administrative support to operational projects ranged from 25 to 35 per cent. In recognition of the principle that a certain amount of the cost of support to extrabudgetary activities should be borne by the regular budget, the funding of accommodation and administrative support to operational projects has, to date, been shared between the regular budget and the extrabudgetary programmes. In practice, therefore, programme support income is largely allocated to staff resources. The cost of accommodation has continued to be borne by the regular budget.

20. Some donors also loan to the Organization personnel on a non-reimbursable basis for services related to the execution of technical cooperation activities. Under the terms of the agreement between the United Nations and the donor in this respect, the donor undertakes to pay all expenses in connection with the assignment of the expert including salaries, daily subsistence allowances, medical and life insurance coverage, travel from and return to the expert's place of residence and the cost of any travel and other related expenses incurred on official business for the United Nations. In addition, the donor is required to credit to a United Nations subprogramme support account, as administrative expenses, a sum equivalent to 13 per cent of the total value of the services of the expert so that the acceptance of such service would not directly or indirectly involve additional financial liability for the Organization. Since salaries and emoluments of staff are paid directly to the individual concerned by the donor, an additional 1 per cent of the cost of the services of the expert is reserved as a provision for compensation in the event of death, injury or illness attributable to the performance of official duties on behalf of the United Nations. In the utilization of the programme support costs, however, no provisions are made for the cost of accommodation.

21. By and large, all extrabudgetary staff in support of technical cooperation activities are provided accommodation and other services from the regular budget. In the case of extrabudgetary staff in the Department of Technical Cooperation for Development supporting technical cooperation activities, however, a fixed amount of $1.5 million has been charged to the programme support account, representing reimbursement for the costs of rent paid by the United Nations for staff providing technical and administrative backstopping to technical cooperation activities. That amount was set during the 1982-1983 biennium and was arrived at by apportioning the regular budget

and extrabudgetary posts in the Department (199 regular budget staff to 380 extrabudgetary staff) to the total area occupied by the Department and the rental rate applicable at that time. No subsequent adjustment of the provision was made thereafter owing to the financial difficulties experienced in programme delivery of technical cooperation projects. In respect of extrabudgetary staff in central administration funded from the same income, no charges are made for accomodation and other services.

22. New successor arrangements for agency support costs have been decided by the UNDP Governing Council in its decisions 90/26 of 22 June 1990 and 91/32 and 91/37 of 25 June 1991 and are expected to be fully implemented on 1 January 1993. These new successor arrangements are likely to have an impact on the regular budget and on the scope of United Nations technical assistance programmes. While it is not possible at this stage to quantify and determine their impact, it should be noted in this regard that the proposed programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993, including its programme support component, has been prepared on the basis of current support costs arrangements based on the reimbursement formula approved by the General Assembly in section V of its resolution 35/217.

(b) Staff funded from reimbursement from extrabudgetary resources that support or supplement the substantive programmes of the Organization (general trust funds)

23. On the basis of the reimbursement applied to technical cooperation activities, a rate, normally at 13 per cent, is also charged as programme support to general trust funds. These resources are utilized in areas where a demonstrable relationship exists between the supporting activity concerned and the activities that generated the programme support revenue. To the extent that trust fund activities do not warrant the levy of 13 per cent, exceptions are made to this provision. Utilization of these resources is largely for salaries and related costs and other miscellaneous expenses and does not cover the cost of accommodation.

(c) Staff funded from reimbursements for services rendered by the regular budget to extrabudgetary administrative structures

24. In addition to the programme support charged to trust funds and technical cooperation activities, the United Nations provides services to a number of subsidiary programmes that are responsible to the General Assembly but are not part of the United Nations Secretariat. In return for these services, reimbursement is made to the regular budget to cover the salaries and related costs of United Nations staff directly related to the services provided. No further charges are made to these programmes to cover the cost of accommodation of such staff.

(d) Staff funded from peace-keeping operations

25. Until recently, administrative backstopping of peace-keeping operations was budgeted under individual peace-keeping missions. During the 1990-1991 biennium, however, a special account has been established into which were credited the resources approved by the General Assembly for administrative support of all peace-keeping activities without their being linked to an individual mission. The support cost has been determined as 8.5 per cent of the staff cost of the civilian establishment of the operation. The cost of accommodation of staff in support of peace-keeping operations and related general operating and common services costs is currently met from regular budget resources.

4. Inter-agency bodies

26. Interagency organizations are financed jointly by all or some of the members of the common system. They include ICSC, JIU, CCAQ, the Consultative Committee on Substantive Questions (CCSQ), the Administrative Committee on Coordination and Information Systems (ACCIS) and UNJSPF.

27. The apportionment of costs among participating organizations is determined on the basis of cost-sharing formula agreed upon by organizations participating in these activities. In respect of UNJSPF, the United Nations pays one-third of the costs of the secretariat of the Fund.

28. Most of the secretariats of jointly financed activities occupy space in United Nations premises and are provided rent-free premises and services, the cost of which is borne by the regular budget. Since expenditures related to these activities are shared by the participating organizations and, in view of the overall responsibility of the United Nations for these activities, the regular budget of the United Nations is primarily charged for the cost of accommodation for these activities.

D. Possible changes to the current system

29. As outlined in the preceding paragraphs, the regular budget of the United Nations bears a large portion of the cost of accommodation in respect of staff charged against extrabudgetary resources. In response to resolution 44/201 B, the Office of General Service has started the collection of data on current occupancy by regular budget and extrabudgetary staff at all duty stations. Once these data are compiled and analysed, it will be possible not only to establish general trends on future office requirements but also to obtain a better knowledge of the distribution between the regular budget and extrabudgetary staff requiring office accommodation and other services. While not all data have been collected in that connection, it should be possible to increase the reimbursement income of the Organization.

30. With regard to accommodation of staff in support of technical cooperation activities, bearing in mind the provisions of UNDP Governing Council decisions

90/26, 91/32 and 91/37, it is doubtful that the reduced level of reimbursement anticipated would be sufficient to cover the cost of accommodation of staff undertaking technical, administrative and operational activities in support of UNDP and UNFPA projects. It should be noted that should extrabudgetary staff in support of technical activities be charged the rental rate applied to other users for occupancy at United Nations premises, the total reimbursement for rental of premises for staff in the Department of Technical Cooperation for Development alone would amount to approximately $3.9 million for the 1992-1993 biennium. This amount must be compared with the amount of $1.5 million reflected in the proposed programme budget for the 1992-1993 biennium.

31. With regard to other extrabudgetary staff, the following possible changes can serve as a basis for some improvements to the current system of reimbursement to the regular budget, both in terms of the amounts reimbursed and of the treatment of reimbursement income.

1. Amounts reimbursed

32. All specialized agencies occupying space at United Nations premises would be charged, in addition to rent based on current commercial rates, a proportionate share of the operating expenses and common services costs incurred by the United Nations as a result of providing these services.

33. The full cost of accommodation, namely rent, operating costs and common services costs, would be charged to the relevant extrabudgetary sources with respect to the following staff:

(a) Staff of subsidiary programmes responsible to the General Assembly, whether funded separately or partly funded by the regular budget, but not part of the United Nations Secretariat (UNDP, UNFPA, UNICEF, UNHCR and UNRWA);

(b) Extrabudgetary staff of offices of the United Nations Secretariat that receive significant funding from extrabudgetary programmes, such as UNEP, Habitat and the United Nations International Drug Control Programme.

34. In respect of autonomous research institutes of the United Nations, the question could be reviewed in the context of the implementation of the report of JIU on autonomous research institutes of the United Nations (JIU/REP/87) as transmitted by the Secretary-General in document A/42/540 and the related comments of the Secretary-General (A/43/397).

35. For special activities pertaining to humanitarian or relief assistance that are part of the Secretariat but funded totally from extrabudgetary resources, the cost of accommodation could be included in the budgets of these operations.

36. As regards extrabudgetary staff of departments and offices of the United Nations Secretariat whose activities are supplemented by financing from trust funds, it could be envisaged to recover, at least from major trust funds, the

cost of rent currently borne by the regular budget for the space occupied by staff charged against these funds. The cost of accommodation would thus be charged over and above the standard levy for administrative and common services backstopping.

37. As to staff charged against programme support income derived from trust funds, bearing in mind the proposals in paragraph 36 above and the fact that there is a practical limit above which donors of voluntary contributions in furtherance of the aims and objectives of the United Nations can be requested to contribute towards the cost of accommodation and common services, it is felt that the current arrangements should continue to apply. Similarly, the current arrangements relating to interagency bodies could also be maintained. On the other hand, the cost accommodation for staff charged against programme support for peace-keeping operations could be included as an added charge to the support account.

2. Treatment of reimbursement income

38. The elements of charges to be included in the cost of accommodation include:

(a) Rent (cost per square foot/metre of occupancy);

(b) Operating costs (utilities, communications, rental of furniture and equipment, supplies and materials, maintenance of premises, furniture and equipment);

(c) Common services costs (staff costs and other related costs);

(d) Amortization of capital improvements/acquisitions and major maintenance.

As outlined in paragraph 11 above, the treatment of reimbursement income varies at different duty stations and by programme. Under the current system, the costs of rental and operating costs are normally budgeted under the relevant expenditure sections of the programme budget and reimbursements are reflected under income section 2. As to the reimbursement for the cost of rental of premises in support of technical cooperation activities, it is recorded in the relevant programme support account. The cost for amortization of capital improvements/acquisitions and major maintenance costs are borne in their totality by the regular budget.

39. In order to provide a clearer presentation and to allow for greater flexibility, the following proposals are submitted for consideration:

(a) Reflecting as income from premises rental under income section 2 of the programme budget reimbursements covering the rental cost of space occupied, exclusive of other operating and services costs;

(b) Crediting into a special account all other reimbursements (including major maintenance, general operating expenses, rental and maintenance of furniture and equipment, communications, supplies and materials, amortization of capital improvements and acquisitions and other common services rendered) and charging the related expenditures against that same account.

II. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR OFFICE ACCOMMODATION AT HEADQUARTERS

40. While it has already been envisaged that additional rented premises may be required in 1992-1993, the estimates under section 33D of the proposed programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993 2/ only covered current lease arrangements at the buildings at 1 and 2 United Nations Plaza, the Park Avenue archives space and the John F. Kennedy Airport diplomatic pouch office. In that connection, it was also indicated that although it was envisaged that the demand for additional space would increase during the biennium 1992-1993, pending the determination of the share of the cost of accommodation of staff funded from the regular budget, no growth was being requested under rental of premises.

41. An analysis is currently being undertaken by the Office of General Services of space requirements of the Organization. Based on past experience, it may be possible to establish future trends for the next 10 years, including a distribution of space required for posts funded from the regular budget and those outside the regular budget, including those related to peace-keeping operations. As it is often difficult to make an actual count of the number of persons occupying space, namely consultants, experts, staff funded from temporary assistance and staff funded by Governments on a non-reimbursable basis, the compilation of data on occupancy has not been finalized in time for inclusion in the present report.

42. The immediate demand for additional office accommodation has, however, reached a critical stage during the second half of 1991. This was precipitated by the appointment of a number of staff in organizational units established by the Security Council in its resolution 687 (1991) of 3 April 1991, including the Iraq-Kuwait Boundary Demarcation Commission, the Special Commission for Disarmament-Related Matters and the Coordination Unit for the Return of Kuwaiti Property Seized by Iraq. Increased activities related to peace-keeping operations also brought about a marked increase in the number of staff supporting the peace-keeping missions, such as the United Nations Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara (MINURSO), the United Nations Angola Verification Mission (UNAVEM II), the United Nations Iraq-Kuwait Observation Mission (UNIKOM), the United Nations Observer Mission in El Salvador (ONUSAL), and the United Nations Advance Mission in Cambodia (UNAMIC). Furthermore, in support of these activities, some Member States have been providing staff, on a non-reimbursable basis, such as experts and consultants. There are immediate prospects for the establishment of other peace-keeping missions owing to the situation in a number of countries.

43. In 1991, posts financed from these activities numbered 128. As at 1 January 1992, 35 additional posts have been made available in support of peace-keeping operations at Headquarters, or a 27 per cent increase compared with 1991. Staff seconded by Governments currently total 24.

44. Increases in peace-keeping and related activities brought about the need for increased medical activities. In view of a considerable increase in the number of medical examinations prior to mission assignments, the present office configuration of the Medical Service is no longer adequate. It is, therefore, necessary to provide the Service with additional space in order to ensure that a thorough and speedy medical clearance is given to staff on mission assignments. Furthermore, owing to the volume of commercial shipments of equipment and supplies, and pouch-related activities, the current space allocated to the Mail Receiving Unit at Headquarters is now insufficient to accommodate the volume of items that need to be dispatched on an urgent basis. Additional space for these activities has, thus, become necessary. Lastly, it is already evident that the involvement of the Organization in security related matters will continue to expand. On that basis, it is estimated that additional office space may be required in relation to a possible reorganization of the Secretariat in that area.

45. On that basis, additional space requirements exclusively attributable to peace-keeping and related activities are estimated as follows:

	Gross square feet
Posts related to support account for peace-keeping activities	8 235
Posts related to Security Council resolution 687 (1991)	8 412
Non-reimbursable staff contributed by Member States	4 665
Reconfiguration of the Medical Service	3 375
Additional space required by receiving and mailing units	5 346
Total	30 033

46. In view of the urgent need for additional accommodation, the Office of General Services has, in recent months, explored the possibility of renting premises within the vicinity of the Secretariat Building. It has identified approximately 64,710 square feet on the sixth floor of the Alcoa Building on First Avenue. The office space, comprising an entire floor could be available for approximately six years until September 1997, including renewal options of

four to five years. Approximately 12,000 square foot could be made available immediately, namely, within two weeks after written acceptance of the landlord's offer; and 52,710 square feet would be available in May 1992. The base rental rate is $20 per square foot annually, inclusive of cleaning costs and utilities (and excluding electricity) for the entire term of the lease. The rental rate would be subject to escalations based on a proportionate share of real estate taxes over and above the 1992-1993 fiscal tax year as well as a proportionate share of operating expenses over and above the 1992 base year. Should the United Nations enter into commitments for the lease of the entire floor, 12,000 square feet of space (which could be made available immediately) would be furnished since the current tenant had agreed to vacate the space intact.

47. The cost in 1992-1993 of renting 64,710 square feet in the Alcoa Building would amount to $2,237,000 as follows:

Base rent	$
12,000 square feet for 24 months	480 000
52,710 square feet for 20 months	1 757 000
	2 237 000

The projected cost of utilities is estimated at $80,900 per year, or $161,800 for the biennium. In addition, non-recurrent costs amounting to $500,000 are estimated to provide for minor alterations to premises and acquisition of furniture and fixtures.

48. The total cost for the rental of one floor at the Alcoa Building is thus estimated at $2,898,800. In view of the demand for additional space, which is expected to materialize in 1992-1993, over and above the requirements detailed in paragraph 45 above, it is proposed to take advantage of the favourable rental market currently prevailing by entering a lease for the 64,710 square feet available at the Alcoa Building. The approval of the General Assembly is further sought to utilize $2,898,000 in the support account for peace-keeping operations for the purpose of covering the cost of renting additional premises at the Alcoa Building.

Notes

1/ Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 6 (A/44/6/Rev.1), vol. II.

2/ Ibid., Forty-sixth Session, Supplement No. 6 (A/46/6/Rev.1), vol. II.